



# AEROSAT International Satellite Aerosol Science Network Third Meeting, Frascati, October 8 / 9 2015

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#### New retrieval examples

- MAIAC and OMI SSA agree better than each with AERONET
- → IASI aerosol retrievals still large variability -> ensemble
- Neural network for retrieval trained with model simulations
- Discussion
  - Compare dust source **detection** from different retrievals vs. Chiwawa database
  - Retrievals need to take into account information content
  - → Combine complementary retrieval information UV VIS TIR
  - 7 10 micron different information
    - Hyperspectral: dust optical depth, height, ...
    - radiometer channels: dust detection
  - Model output 10 micron and 550 nm from dust (depends much on size distribution) compare to satellite (also effective radius output
- **→ AERONET** new version coming out 2016 -> invite talk at AEROSAT2016 + discussion



## Satellite model interaction (1)

- → AEROCOM AOD inter-comparison
  - Include comparison with satellite datasets
  - -> contact Nick Schutgens if you have dataset to offer
- RFMIP will compare mass extinction efficiency
  - -> also compare to retrieval assumptions
  - → AEROCOM WIKI description of what models do to produce optical properties (old)
  - -> needs update
- Satellite simulators
  - people talk of different concepts (radiance / level1, inversion products / level2)
  - Backscatter profile simulator in progress in COSP
  - To justify: simulator needs list of potential issues with associated biases
  - Main task: conditional sampler using same assumptions
  - → How different is a "Simulator" from just a "Sampler"?



## Satellite model interaction (2)

- Use of satellite data in MIPs
  - → Not possible for pre-industrial and for future
  - Observations only for present climate
  - Where observations are available they should be used (consensus); past and future should be informed by present to the degree possible
- AERONET inversion limitations as distinct from the direct-sun spectral AOD values
  - → AOD>0.4 works only if plumes are above station, a relatively rare occurrence in most places
  - only one imag. refr. index for all size modes
  - -> invite AERONET team next AEROSAT to present / discuss AERONET version 3



### Satellite model interaction (3)

- User need: Aerosol precursors
  - → (from spectrometers) Explore CONSISTENcy with AOD!
  - Combine for aerosol typing
- User need: easy use of satellite products: consistent products for use in interaction cycles
- User need: CCN proxy vertical profile of aerosol index is a possibility to be evaluated
  - Require highest sensitivity to boundary layer
  - Clear nomenclature: aerosol index AI=AOD\*Angström, aerosol absorption index AAI Maybe call AI something like fine AOD Index FAI?
  - → combining CALIPSO and MODIS? (This has already been done in some cases).
  - Combine AI with effective layer height as possible response to need for AI profile
- Uncertainty
  - Multi-retrieval diversity is not uncertainty
  - Metadata to support conducting bias correction by users (Meteorology, flags, input used)



### Aerosol type from satellite

- V1 inventory of approaches made and analysed
- Hierarchical structure / not invest too much into detail
- 2 steps: optical properties, interpretation / matching
- Both are useful
- Different usage: model validation, data assimilation, policy support / public communication



### Combined use of satellite data

- → Mean / median satellite product in MAPPS
- Combined aerosol and cloud products in one analysis
  - Transition zone near clouds?
- Satellite simulator / emulator in AEROCOM
  - Emulate model / satellite output with similar sampling
- Data assimilation as one method to combine different retrievals
- Can we use TRMM-like method (precipitation) for aerosols

#### esa Pixel level uncertainties

- Pixel-level predicted uncertainties need to be statistically validated
- → Validation and uncertainty propagation are different complementary tasks
- Use of uncertainty:
  - Uncorrelated errors reduce with averaging
  - Correlations not known well in retrievals
  - Deviations between uncertainty / validation mostly due to clouds
- A monthly average is obligatory with associated uncertainty but can difficult / meaningless
  - -> pdf of AOD during month
  - To Overcome sampling errors by aggregation done by modelers (satellite simulator)
  - → Sat-model comparison is different from use for science
- Now is an opportunity for twinning satellite / model to develop estimation and use of uncertainties in both communities



#### Long-term satellitebased time series

- → MODIS VIIRS time series 2000 ?
- METEOSAT broadband time series since 1982 (changing response function)
- Reanalysis (incl. data assimilation) to integrate satellite / model into time series
- → Datasets to validate AOD in 1980s (dimming, solar observatories, MFR, ...)
- Workshop on early satellite time series, validation data, modeling expertise for 1980s?

#### The end

- $\rightarrow$  70 45 participants
- "Mean" is the no-word of this AEROSAT
- → Comparing discussions at AEROSAT2014 and AEROSAT2015
  - > Evolution of thinking
  - > Examples of tests, demonstrations, ...
- Other suggestions for next year AEROSAT
  - → "new OPAC"
  - → PM2.5, PM10
- Thanks to Simon / ESA, chairs, speakers